In the Claims:

- (Currently Amended) A method of detecting packets a packet in a communication channel comprising:
- (a) sampling the communication channel at a first sampling rate to produce a sequence of samples;
- (b) correlating at least one sample of the sequence of samples from step [[a]] (a) with one or more samples of the sequence of samples from step [[a]] (a) to generate a plurality of correlation results:
 - (c) computing a correlation value from the plurality of correlation results;
 - (d) comparing the correlation value with a threshold; and
- (e) sampling the <u>communication</u> channel at a second sampling rate based on and changed by the result of the comparison, wherein the second sampling rate has a different power consumption level than the first sampling rate.

2-3. (Canceled)

- (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the first sampling rate is sufficient to accurately recover data encoded in the packet.
- (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the second sampling rate is greater than the first sampling rate.
- (Original) The method of claim 5, wherein the second sampling rate is an integer multiple of the first sampling rate.

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- (Original) The method of claim 5, wherein the second sampling rate is an integer multiple of a minimum sampling rate required to accurately recover data encoded in the packet.
- (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the second sampling step occurs
 only if the correlation result value exceeds the threshold.
- (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the method further eomprisings
 - (f) decoding the packet;
 - (g) processing any data encoded in the packet; and
 - (h) repeating steps (a)-(e).
- 10. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 9, wherein following the processing step, the method further emprising the comprises a step of changing the second sampling rate back to the first sampling rate after the completion of processing the packet.
- 11. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 9, wherein following the processing step, the method further eomprising the comprises a step of stopping the processing of the packet and changing the second sampling rate back to the first sampling rate after determining an erroneous detection of the packet.

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- (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein a receiver is detecting the presence of the packet, and wherein the method further emprising: comprises:
 - (f) decoding the packet;
 - (g) determining an intended recipient of the packet;
- (h) processing any data encoded in the packet if the intended recipient and the receiver are the same: and
 - (i) repeating steps (a) (i). (a)-(h).
- (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the eorrelation correlating step is performed after a new sample is produced.
- (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the correlation correlating step is performed after a specified number of new samples are produced.
- 15. (Currently Amended) A receiver for a communications system comprising:
- a signal detector, the signal detector containing circuitry to detect signals transmitted on a communications channel;
- a sampler coupled to the signal detector, the sampler containing circuitry to sample the signals detected on the communications channel by the signal detector at a variable sampling rate and produce a sequence of samples, wherein the sampler samples the communications channel at a first sampling rate when attempting to detect a packet and at a second sampling rate when [[a]] the packet has been detected, wherein the second sampling rate has a different power consumption level than the first sampling rate;

a correlator coupled to the sampler, the correlator containing circuitry to compare

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samples in the sequence of samples from the sampler and produce a correlation value based on the comparison, wherein the correlator is configured to correlate the sequence of samples with itself; and

a processor coupled to the correlator and the sampler, the processor containing circuitry to detect the presence of [[a]] the packet based on results produced by the correlator, decode and process data contained in [[a]] the packet transmitted on the communications channel, and to control and change the sampling rate of the sampler:

wherein the sampler eomprising: comprises

a latch coupled to the signal detector, the latch containing circuitry to capture a signal value at a first input and produce a sample corresponding to the captured signal value at an output; and

a sampling clock coupled to the latch and the processor, the sampling clock containing circuitry to control the sampling rate of the sampler based on control information from the processor.

- (Currently Amended) The receiver of claim 15, wherein the processor changes the sampling rate back to the first sampling rate after [[the]] completed reception of the packet.
- 17. (Original) The receiver of claim 15, wherein the processor changes the sampling rate back to the first sampling rate after the processor determines that the packet was destined for a different receiver.
- 18. (Original) The receiver of claim 15, wherein the processor changes the sampling rate back to the first sampling rate after determining an erroneous detection of the packet.

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- 19. (Currently Amended) A communications device comprising:
 - a transmitter to transmit information from the communications device:
- a receiver to receive information sent to the communications device, the receiver eomprising: comprising
- a signal detector, the signal detector containing circuitry to detect signals transmitted on a communications channel:
- a sampler coupled to the signal detector, the sampler containing circuitry to sample the signals detected on the communications channel by the signal detector at a variable sampling rate and produce a sequence of samples, wherein the sampler samples the communications channel at a first sampling rate when attempting to detect a packet and at a second sampling rate when [[a]] the packet has been detected, wherein the second sampling rate has a different power consumption level than the first sampling rate;
- a correlator coupled to the sampler, the correlator containing circuitry to compare samples in the sequence of samples from the sampler and produce a correlation value based on the comparison, wherein the correlator is configured to correlate the sequence of samples with itself; and
- a processor coupled to the correlator and the sampler, the processor containing circuitry to decode and process data contained in [[a]] the packet transmitted on the communications channel and to control and change the sampling rate of the sampler;

wherein the sampler comprising: comprises

a latch coupled to the signal detector, the latch containing circuitry to capture a signal value at a first input and produce a sample corresponding to the captured signal value at an output; and

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- a sampling clock coupled to the latch and the processor, the sampling clock containing circuitry to control the sampling rate of the sampler based on control information from the processor.
- (Original) The communications device of claim 19, wherein the signal detector is a sensor capable of detecting wirelessly transmitted signals.
- (Original) The communications device of claim 19, wherein the signal detector is a sensor capable of detecting signals transmitted on a wireline communications channel.
- (Currently Amended) [[A]] <u>The</u> method according to claim 1, wherein a first plurality of samples is correlated with one or more pluralities of samples to generate the plurality of correlation results.
- 23-24. (Cancelled)
- 25. (Currently Amended) [[A]] The method according to claim 1, wherein the computing the correlation value comprises:

summing the plurality of correlation results.

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